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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/917,655	07/31/2001	Peter Boekstegers	07883.0046	1083	
75	90 05/10/2004		EXAMI	NER	
Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, THANH, QU.			UANG D		
Garrett & Dunn	er, L.L.P.		<u></u>		
1300 I Street, N	r.Ŵ.		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
,	C 20005-3315		3764	18	
			DATE MAILED: 05/10/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
0.00	·· •	09/917,655	BOEKSTEGERS ET A	۸L			
Office Act	tion Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	<del> </del>			
		Quang D. Thanh	3764				
The MAILING I	DATE of this communication	n appears on the cover she	et with the correspondence addres	ss			
THE MAILING DATE  - Extensions of time may be a after SIX (6) MONTHS from  - If the period for reply specif  - If NO period for reply is spe  - Failure to reply within the se	cified above, the maximum statutory p et or extended period for reply will, by ffice later than three months after the	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, m.n. a reply within the statutory minimum eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6 statute, cause the application to beco	nay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. ) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commume ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.			
Status							
1) Responsive to	communication(s) filed on	27 April 2004.					
2a) This action is F	INAL. 2b)⊠	This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	•						
4a) Of the abov 5) ☐ Claim(s) 6) ☒ Claim(s) <u>1,3,4,</u> 7) ☒ Claim(s) <u>24,43,</u>	6-8,10-22,24-31,33-35 and	ndrawn from consideration 37-48 is/are rejected.	).				
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specificatio	n is objected to by the Exa	miner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s)	0) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may no	ot request that any objection to	o the drawing(s) be held in ab	peyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
<u> </u>		•	wing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1 ched Office Action or form PTO-1	• .			
Priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119						
a) All b) Son  1. Certified  2. Certified  3. Copies o  application	nt is made of a claim for for me * c) None of: copies of the priority docur copies of the priority docur f the certified copies of the on from the International But detailed Office action for a	nents have been received nents have been received priority documents have b ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	in Application No been received in this National Sta	ge			
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cite	ed (PTO-892)	4) 🗌 Interv	riew Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's	Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 atement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S	B) Pape	r No(s)/Mail Date e of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152	2)			

## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 04/27/2004 has been entered. Claims 2,5,9,23,32, and 36 have been canceled, and currently claims 1,3,4,6-8,10-22,24-31,33-35 and 37-48 are pending.

## Claim Objections

2. Claims 24, 43, 46 are objected to because the limitation "the flared end" lacks antecedent basis. Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1,3,4,6-8,10-22,24-31,33-35, 38-40,42,43,45,46, and 48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tweden et al. (6,406,488) in view of Tedeschi et al. (6,361,819).

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5. Re claims 1, 6-8, 17, 21-22, 29, 33-35, Tweden discloses a device and a method of providing blood flow directly from a left ventricle of a heart chamber to a coronary artery (see abstract), comprising: providing a stent 10 (portions 13 and 14) (fig. 1) having sufficient strength to resist deformation from contractile cardiac forces (col. 2, lines 49-51) and remain paten when implanted in a myocardial site (fig. 1), and having a flexibility in a compressed state to permit passage to the myocardial site (figs. 1-6, col. 3, lines 23-38); the stent includes a covering 30 made of expanded PTFE material (col. 5, lines 2-3) on an inner surface portion and outer surface portion of the stent (fig. 2, col. 4, lines 12-18); delivering the stent percutaneously in a compressed state into a passage at the myocardial site (col. 3, lines 34-36); and expanding the stent to deploy it in the passage (fig. 5-6, col. 3, lines 34-36).

Tweden although discloses the covering (liner 30) of the stent is impregnated with a hemocompatible and anti-thrombogenic agent such as heparin (col. 4, lines 28-31), it does not explicitly disclose the coating of this agent over the covering. However, Tedeschi teaches a thromboresistant coating method in which covered medical device surfaces such as those covered with PTFE is exposed to solution of a thromboresistant such as heparin and after upon drying would produce a substrate surface containing heparin (col. 6, lines 7-22). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to use the thromboresistant coating method as taught and suggested by Tedeschi et al. to coat heparin over Tweden's covering 30 in the inner surface of the stent, for the purpose of providing a

thromboresistant coating that is thin, durable and biocompatible and that may be applied in a single coating (Tedeschi, col. 2, lines 47-19).

- 6. Re claims 3-4, 11-12, 15-16, 18-20, 25-26, and 30-31 Tweden discloses (claims 3,19 and 30) the covering 30 includes expanded PTFE material (col. 5, lines 2-3); (claims 4, 20 and 31) wherein the covering covers substantially all of an inner and outer surface of the stent (col. 4, lines 16-18 and 50-54, fig. 2); (claims 11-12 and 25-26) the coronary vessel is a coronary artery 82 and the heart chamber is a left ventricle 83 (fig. 1); (claims 15-16, 18) delivering the stent includes delivering the stent percutaneously in a compressed state into a passage at the myocardial site (col. 3, lines 34-36).
- 7. Re claims 13-14 and 27-28, with respect to the limitation "partial blockage", Tweden discloses the myocardial site is distal to a coronary blockage 81 (fig. 1), which appears to be a partial blockage. Alternatively, if blockage 81 is not viewed to be a partial blockage then it would be obvious for a coronary blockage to be either total or partial blockage and in either case the device and method taught by Tweden still apply.
- 8. Re claims 38, 42, 45, and 48, Tweden discloses the stent includes a flared end 12 (fig. 1)
- 9. Re claims 10 and 24, Tweden discloses the flared end 12 is placed in the passage to face the coronary vessel (fig.1);
- 10. Re claims 39, 43, and 46, Tweden teaches the step of expanding the stent to deploy it in the passage (fig. 5-6, col. 3, lines 34-36) at the myocardial site such that the flared end 12 seats around an end of the passage (fig. 1).

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11. Claims 37, 41, 44 and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being

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unpatentable over Tweden/Tedeschi and further in view of Eno et al. (6,409,697 B2).

12. Tweden/Tedeschi's device has all the claimed features except that it is L-shaped

and is not substantially straight. However, Eno teaches that it is preferably for the

device to have a straight implant rather than the L-shaped implant, which includes a

portion to be placed within a coronary vessel and a portion to be placed within the

myocardium, because the size can be reduced and shape enhanced by elimination of

the vessel portion (col. 1, lines 38-55). Since the suitability of the implant for minimally

invasive or percutaneous procedure is influenced by the external size and shape of the

implant (col. 1, lines 51-54), the straight implant would have an advantage of providing

an enhance design for reducing a likelihood of damage to a coronary vessel from a

high-velocity blood flow discharge (col. 1, lines 9-12). Therefore, it would have been

obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to substitute

the L-shaped stent of Tweden with the straight stent of Eno, as suggested and taught by

Eno, in order to implant a device for passing blood flow directly between a chamber of

the heart and a coronary vessel with reduced likelihood of damage to a coronary vessel

from a high-velocity blood flow discharge.

Conclusion

13. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

applicant's disclosure. Zhong '600 teaches stents with hybrid coating for medical

devices.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Quang D. Thanh whose telephone number is (703) 605-

4354. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday & alternate Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Nick Lucchesi can be reached on (703) 308-2698. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306

for regular and After-Final communications.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Quang D. Thanh Patent Examiner Art Unit 3764

May 6, 2004

Dan**ton D. DeMille** Prima**ry Exa**miner

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